

Wettingen, 09.04.2013

Media release

Nagra participation in EU research project

Safe closure of deep geological repositories

The EU Commission Euratom has initiated a technology development project for testing plugging and sealing systems for geological disposal facilities for radioactive waste. Fourteen partners from eight European countries, including Nagra (National Cooperative for the Disposal of Radioactive Waste), are participating in the project.

Fourteen nuclear waste management organisations and research institutes from eight European countries are participating in the DOPAS project (Full-Scale **D**emonstration **O**f **P**lugs **A**nd **S**eals). The project is aimed at developing and testing plugging and sealing systems for geological repositories for radioactive waste and is built around a set of full-scale underground demonstrations, laboratory experiments and performance assessment studies. The project budget for the next four years is \in 15.7 million (around 19 million Swiss Francs), with the EU Seventh Framework Programme contributing \in 8.7 million. The project work is being carried out in several European countries and is organised and coordinated by the Finnish nuclear waste management company Posiva Oy.

As part of the DOPAS project, five full-scale plug and seal tests will be carried out for the rock types granite (in Finland, Sweden and the Czech Republic), clay (in France, with Swiss participation) and salt (in Germany). Combined with the results and experience from international research programmes, this will allow optimum plugging and sealing systems to be developed for all types of rock.

The sealing experiment for clay, in which Nagra is involved, will be carried out under the lead of the French nuclear waste management organisation Andra in a surface workshop located close to the Meuse / Haute Marne rock laboratory. Clays are the preferred host rocks for geological disposal in Switzerland and Nagra will be able to bring its wide experience from experiments in the Grimsel and Mont Terri rock laboratories into the project. "The project is of interest because it allows plugging and sealing systems to be tested under conditions similar to those in a future repository", explains Tim Vietor, Head of the Field Investigations Section at Nagra. Benefiting from synergies, learning from one another and working together towards finding safe, long-term solutions - as exemplified by the DOPAS project - are the daily routine in the area of research on nuclear waste management.

Contact person:

Jutta Lang, Head of Media Relations

076 341 37 00

According to Swiss nuclear energy legislation, the producers of radioactive waste are responsible for its safe management and disposal. In 1972, the Federal Government and the nuclear power plant operators set up the National Cooperative for the Disposal of Radioactive Waste (Nagra) to perform this task. Nagra, which has its

National Cooperative for the Disposal of Radioactive Waste

Hardstrasse 73 5430 Wettingen Switzerland

Tel +41 56 437 11 11 Fax +41 56 437 12 07 www.nagra.ch



headquarters in Wettingen (AG), is the national technical competence centre in the field of deep geological disposal of radioactive waste.

Out of a strong sense of responsibility for the long-term protection of man and the environment, 100 employees are involved daily in performing this important work. The high level of competence is secured by targeted research programmes in two Swiss underground rock laboratories and intensive international collaboration.