



DOPAS



DOPAS Training Workshop 2015

D2 6.2c EPSP Experiment

Jiri Svoboda, CTU in Prague
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Správa úložišť radioaktivních odpadů
Radioactive Waste Repository Authority

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Radioactive Waste
Management



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DOPAS Project

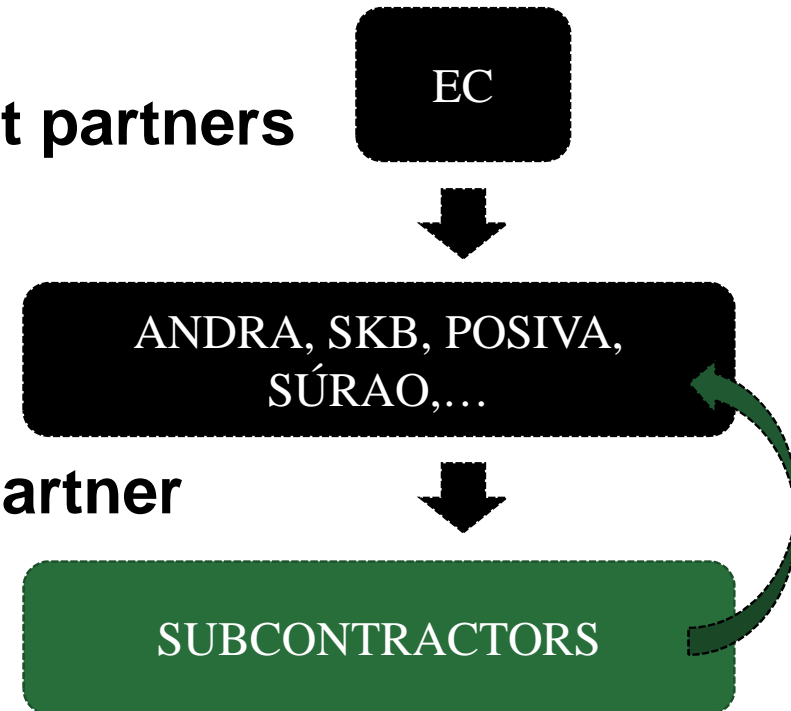
- EURATOM FP7 project
- 2012-2016
- 14 partners
- 8 countries
- 4 big experiments à EPSP

- In CZ: SÚRAO, CTU in Prague, ÚJV Řež, a.s.



DOPAS Project

- Originally agencies as project partners
- Others as subcontracting
- At submission time CTU as partner
- Negotiation – EC requests no subcontracting à new partners



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DOPAS Project

Funding of CZ part:

- CTU in Prague – EC; Ministry of education, youth and sports
- SÚRAO – EC + nuclear account
- ÚJV Řež, a.s. – EC + SÚRAO

- Public money from different sources – lot of rules to follow, public tenders/procurement process



DOPAS EPSP

Main roles and responsibilities of partners within EPSP in-situ experiment:

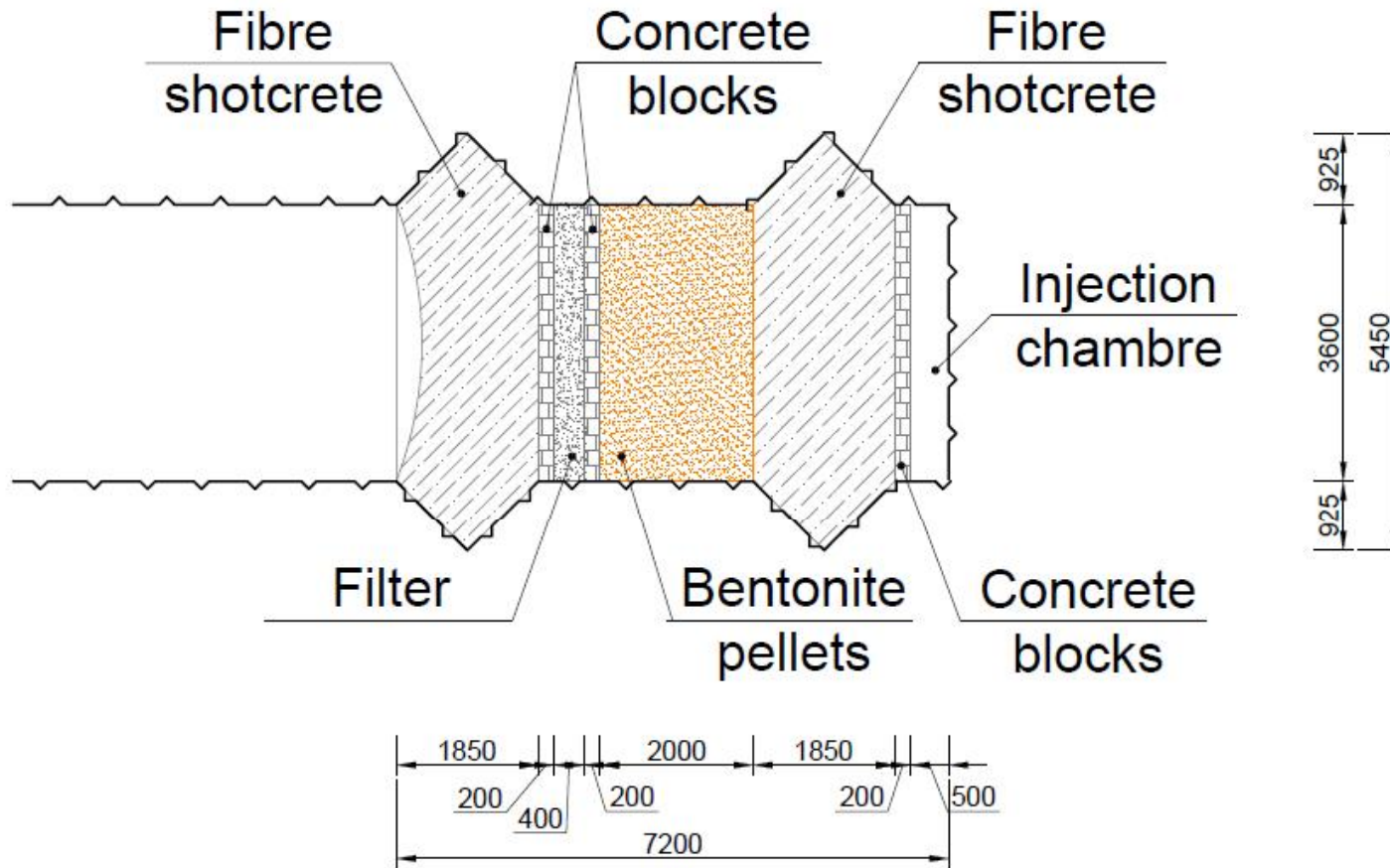
- **SÚRAO**
 - Geology mapping, mineralogy
 - Rock improvement, boreholes, instrumented rock bolts
- **CTU**
 - Design of EPSP
 - Construction works & technology
 - Monitoring
 - Run of the experiment

Note: Laboratory and other works are not included in this list. Only in-situ works listed.

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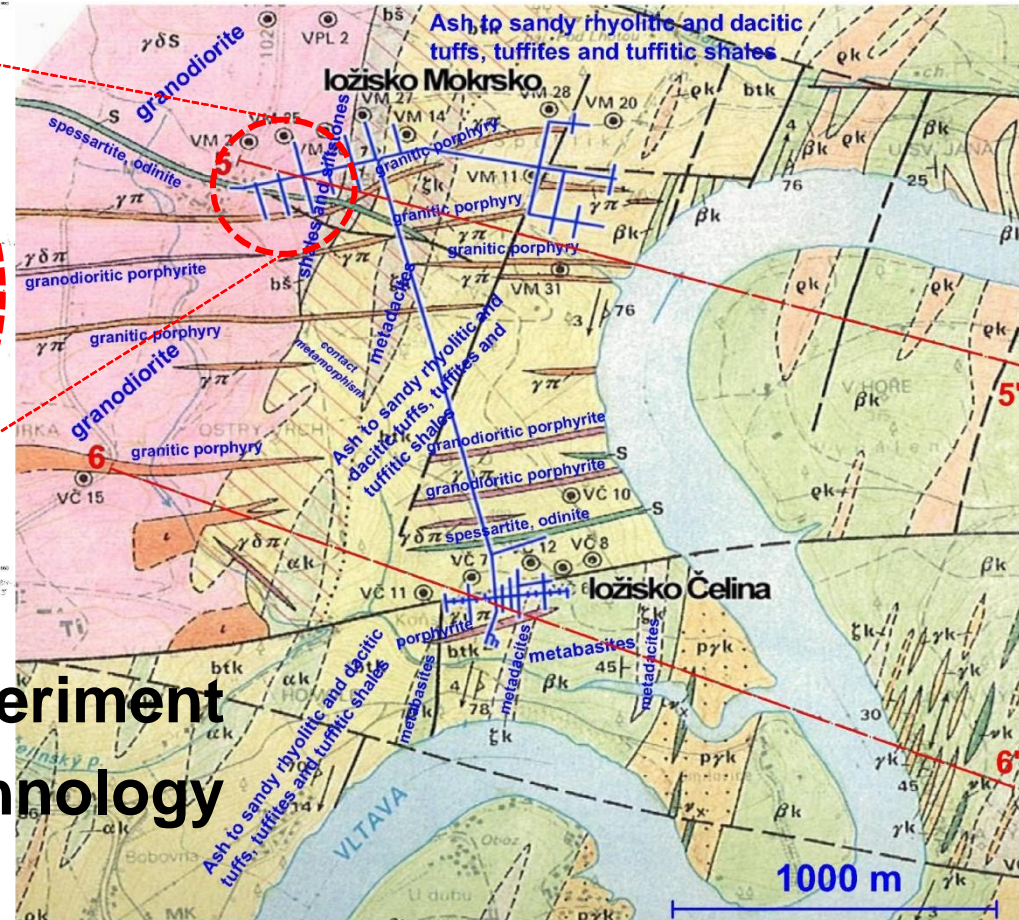
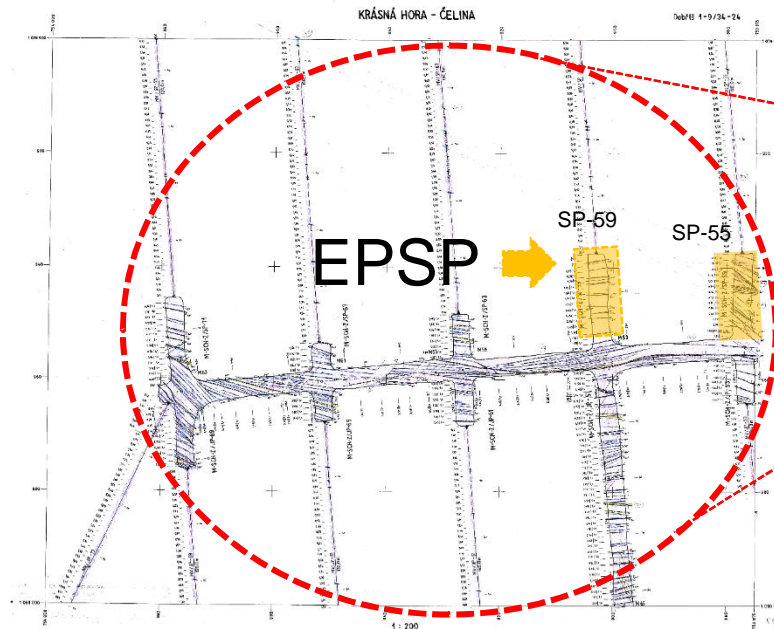
EPSP



EPSP works

- Preparation of niche
- Construction – phase 1 (subcontracting)
 - Rock reshaping & improvement
 - Instrumented rock bolts
 - *Plug contact grouting*
- Construction – phase 2 (subcontracting)
 - Construction works (shotcrete, support structures, filter,...)
 - Technology
- Bentonite sealing
- Monitoring

EPSP



- M-SCH-Z/SP-59 - experiment
- M-SCH-Z/SP-55 - technology



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Preparation of niches (CTU)

- Clean up of the floor (lot of material removed)
- General clean-up
- Electricity
- Water
- Network
- Concrete floor for technology (2014)
- *Expected/delivered: beginning 2013*

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Public procurement kicks in...

...lowest price is not always the best thing



Construction works – phase 1 (SÚRAO)

- **SÚRAO**
 - Part of state
 - Internal rules
 - Public procurement law
- **Mapping of geology**
- **Rock improvement & reshaping – public tender**
 - Tender expected I.Q 2013 à II./III.Q 2013
 - Works expected to finish April 2014 (according to agreement with contractor) à September 2014

à all spare time consumed...

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Construction works – phase 2 (CTU)

- **CTU**
 - Public university
 - Internal rules
 - Public procurement law – public money
- **Building works & technology**
 - *Works could start only once phase 1 is finished*
 - Works expected to start at the end of 2013 à October 2014

 - First public tender (I.Q 2014) had to be cancelled and a new one had to be performed

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Bentonite sealing

- Originally planned as part of Phase 2 subcontracting
- Work was performed by CTU
 - Tighter control on quality
 - CTU has already developed technology for that
 - More cost effective
- Reduces complexity of tender process
- European Commission (EC) prefers the works to be done by project partners

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Monitoring

- Originally planned as part of Phase 2 subcontracting
- Work was performed by CTU
 - Tighter control on quality
 - More cost effective
 - Saves a lot of time – monitoring has been partially prepared ahead (while Phase 1 has been running)
 - Reduces complexity of tender process
 - EC prefers the work to be done by partners

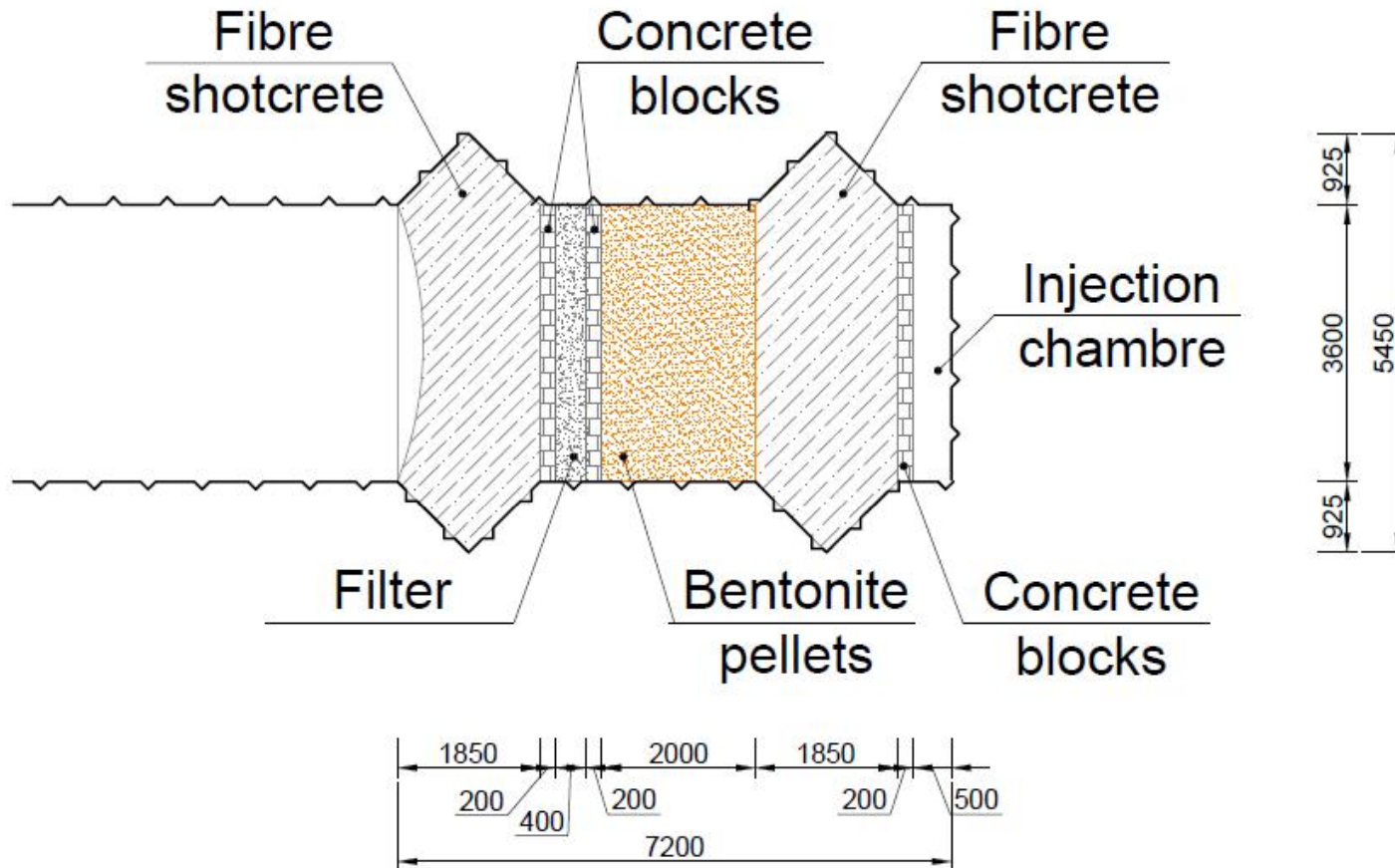
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Back to technical...



EPSP



EPSP components

- Pressurisation chamber
- Inner shotcrete plug
- Bentonite sealing
- Filter
- Outer shotcrete plug
- Separation walls

- Technology
- Monitoring



EPSP works

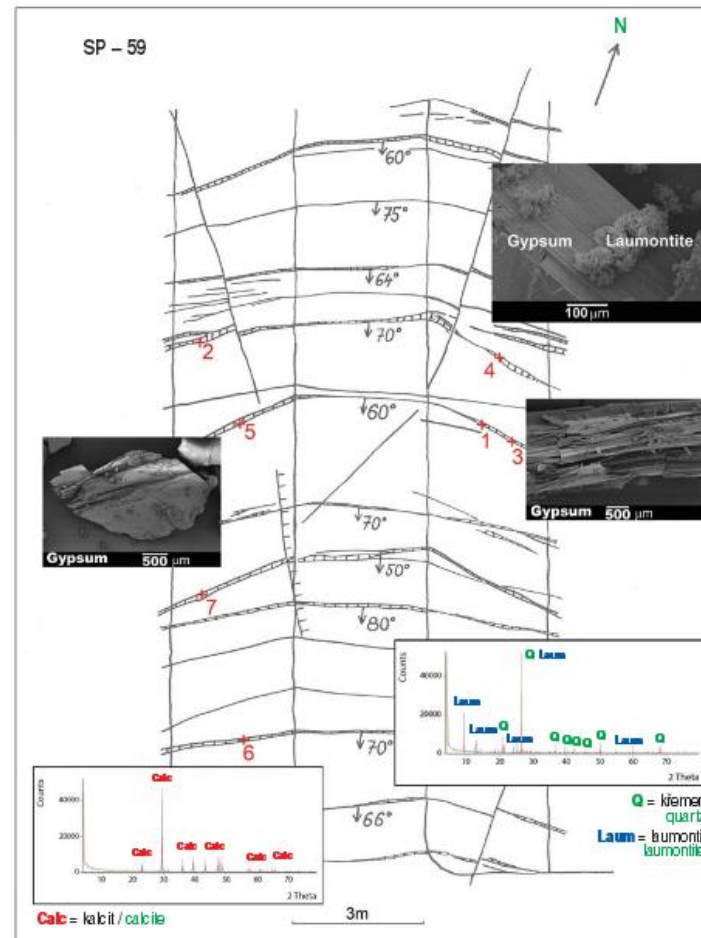
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Geology

- Detail mapping of selected niche



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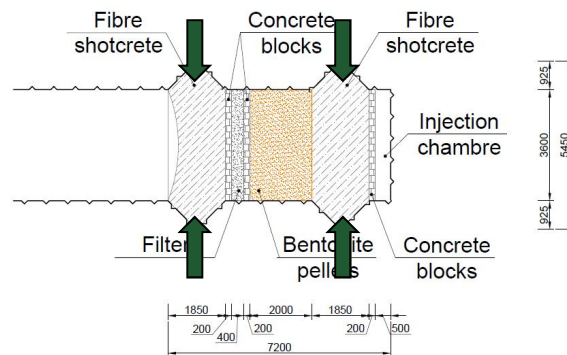


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Niche reshaping

- No blasting used
- Hydraulic wedge splitting
- Gas expansion - GBT Non-Detonating Safety Power Cartridge



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Connecting boreholes

- **Connecting boreholes**
 - Instrumentation – 5 boreholes
 - Pressurisation & extraction
 - § 4 – injection chamber
 - § 4 – filter



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safe solutions for radioactive waste



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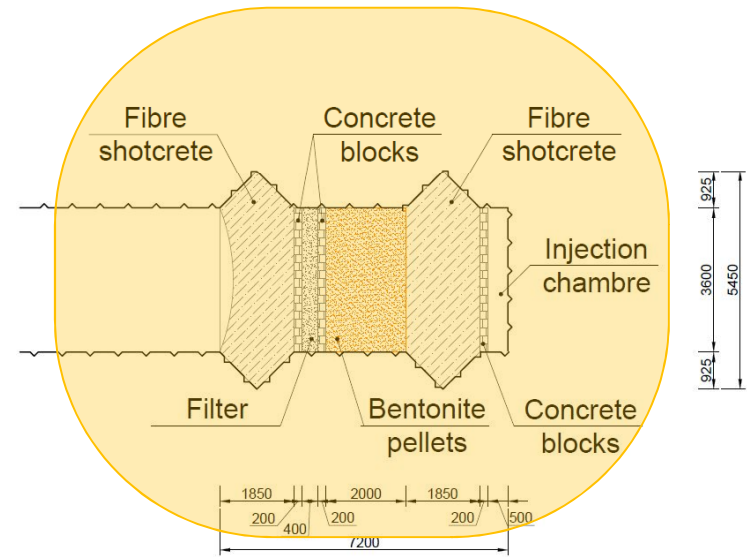
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La maîtrise des déchets radioactifs

Grouting

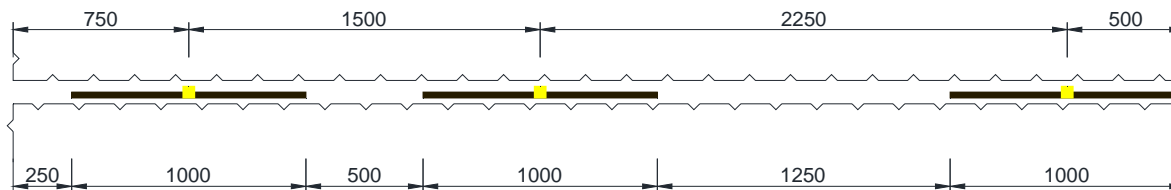
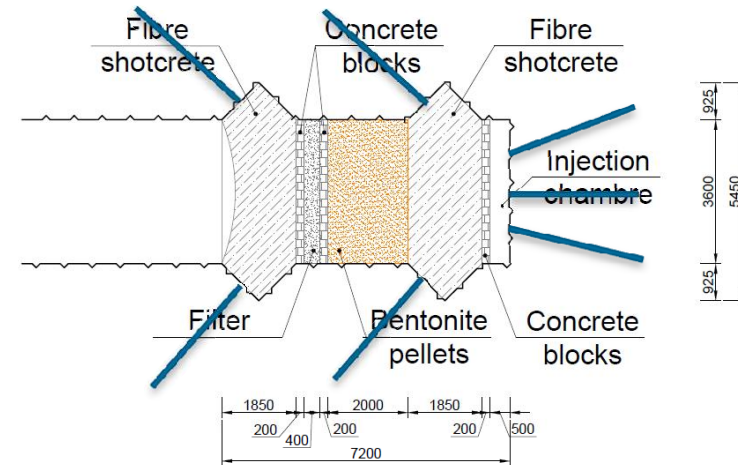
- Improvement of rock mass
- Polyurethane resin (WEBAC)
- 5m envelope around experiment



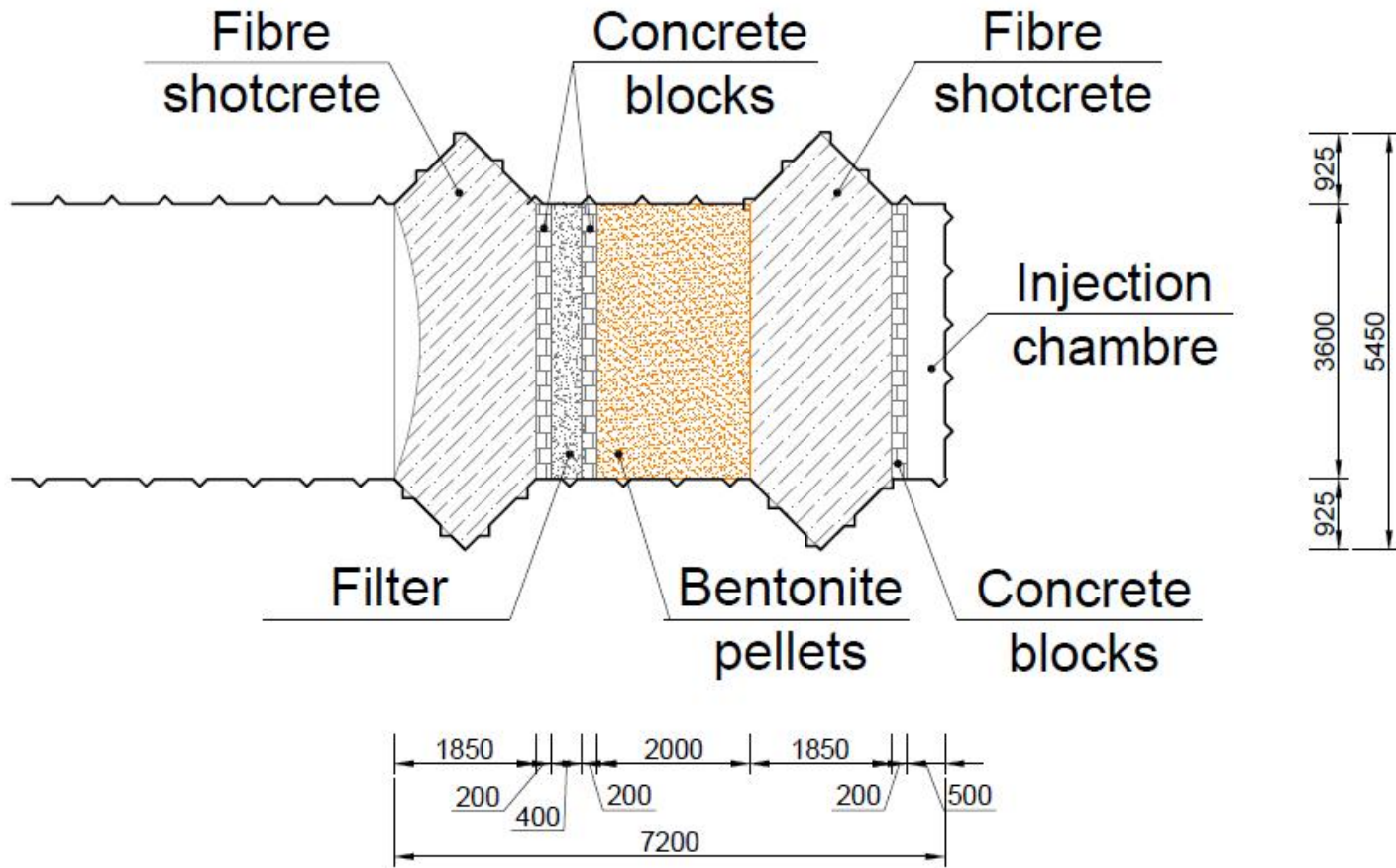
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Rock bolts installation

- Rock response monitoring
- GeoKon Rebar
- Boreholes origin
 - Front face – 4
 - First plug – 4
 - Second plug – 4
- 3 sensors in each borehole
- “Hard” resin used to glue bars in

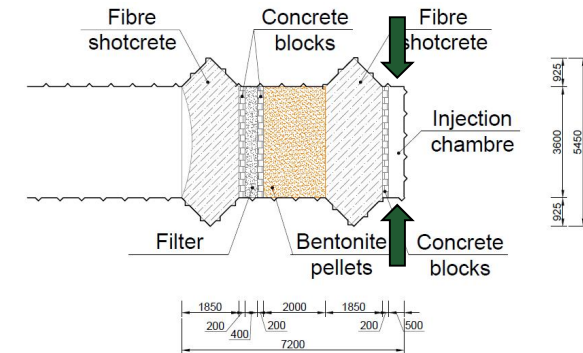


EPSP



Pressurisation chamber adjustment

- Installation of pressurisation tubes
- Reduction of chamber volume
- Waterproofing
- Installation of sensors
- Erection of separation wall
- **Ultimate test of technology and logistics for the plug construction**
 - Size constraints on equipment
 - Long distance for concrete transport in the underground
 - Limited power supply



Pressurisation chamber



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Pressurisation chamber



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Pressurisation chamber



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Separation wall

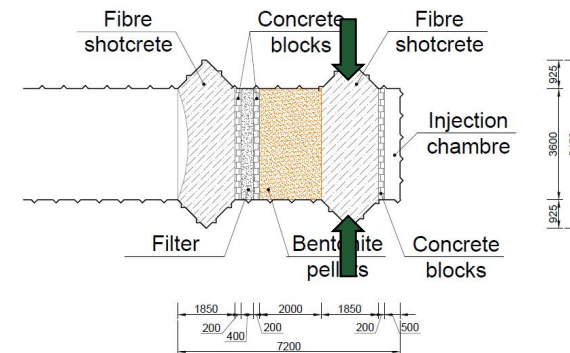


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Inner glass fibre shotcrete plug

- Erected in nonstop run in 23h (November 12th/13th 2014)
- 38m³ of concrete used

- Shotcrete (wet mix)
- Low pH
- Glass fibers



- Concrete produced in Prague (1 – 1½h transport time)
- At portals concrete transferred into small trucks (two small trucks alternating – 2km drive one way, 40 minutes turnaround)

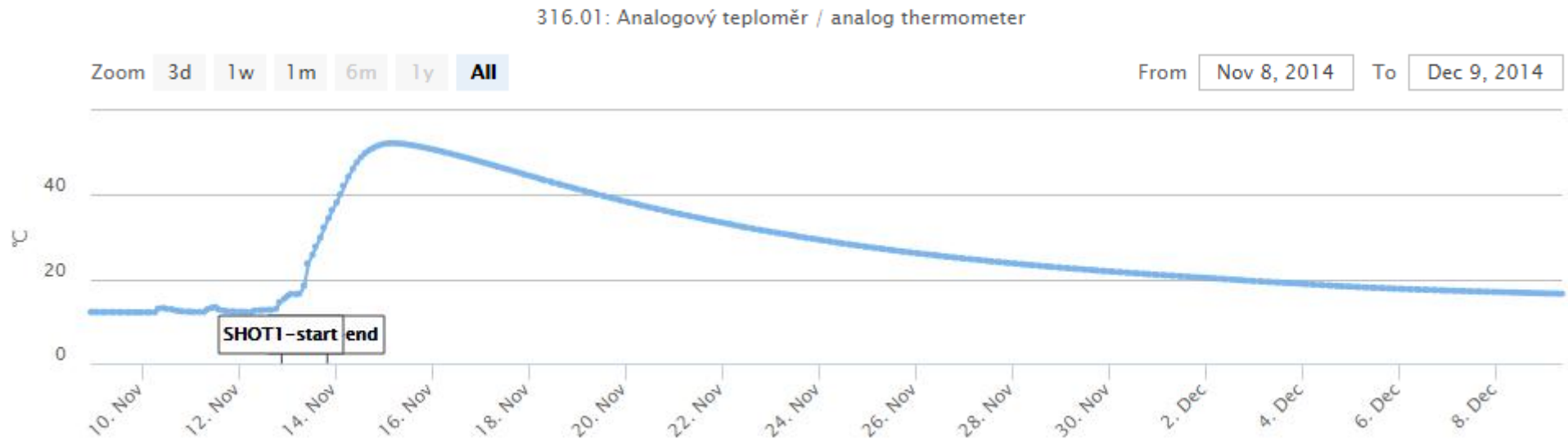
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Shotcrete

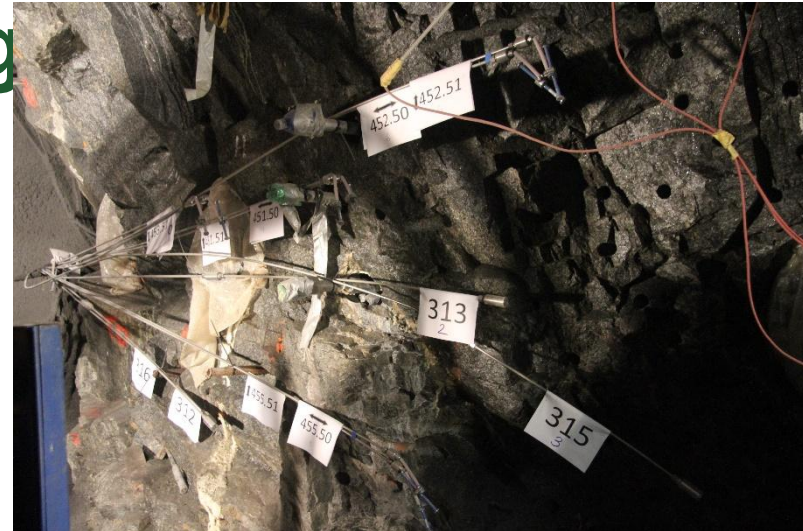
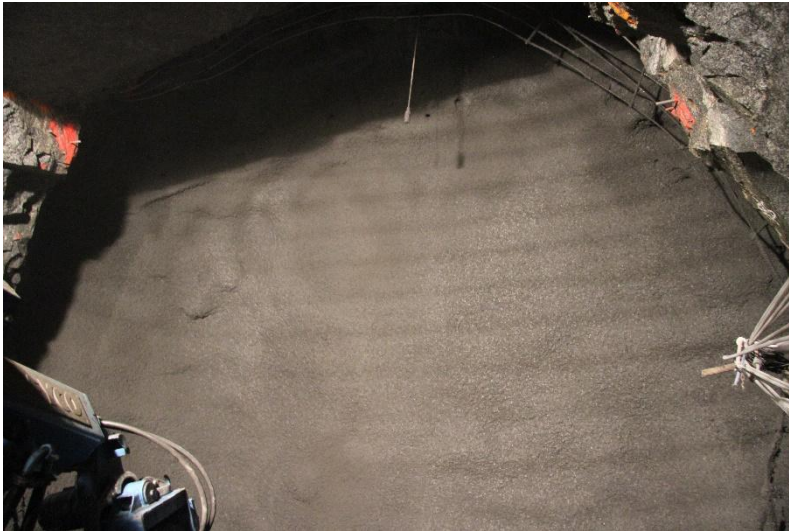
- **Cement CEM II / B – M (S-LL) 42,5 N**
- **Microsilica SIKA FUME**
- **Sand&gravel 0-4 & 4-8 Dobřín**
- **Plasticiser SIKA 1035CZ**
- **Retardant SIKA VZ1**
- **Accelerator SIKA Sigunit L93 AF**
- **Glass fibres – crack HP (Sklocement Beneš)**

Shotcrete

- **Workability: 12h**
- **Low dust evolution**
- **Maximum temperature inside plug < 55 degr. C**





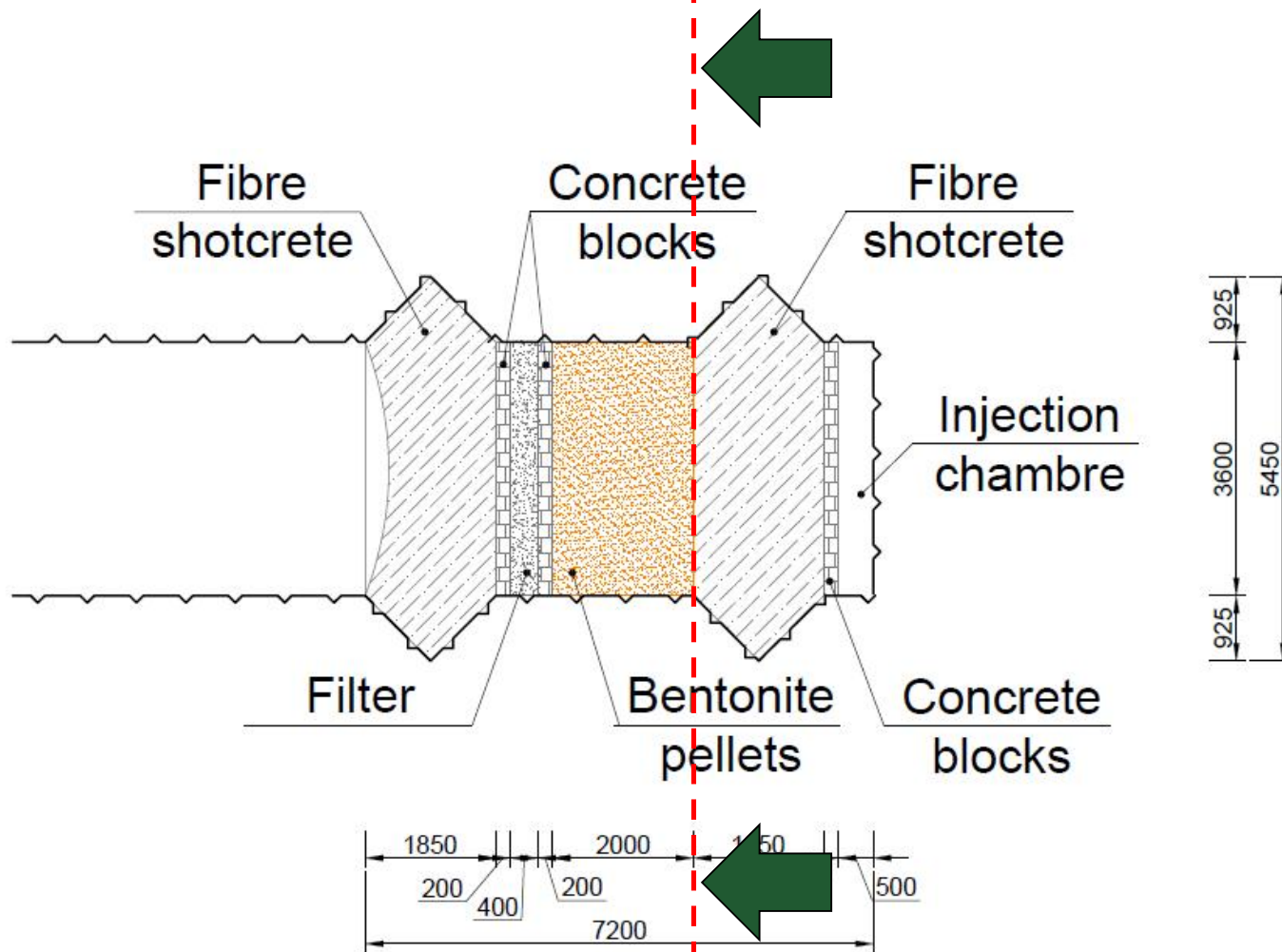


Plug test

- December 3rd 2014
- Water pumped into pressurisation chamber
- Excessive leakage on the contact between the plug and rock

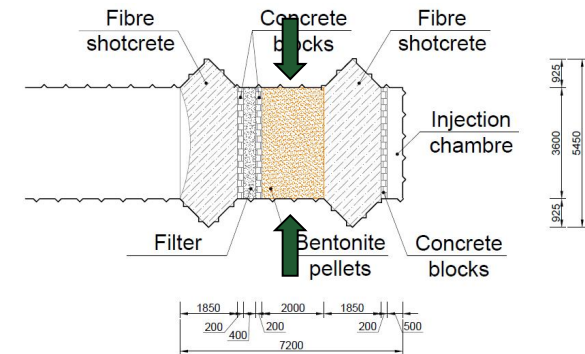
à Contact grouting

EPSP scheme



Bentonite sealing

- Main sealing element
- Pellets (Czech Ca-Mg bentonite)
- Emplacement:
 - Dynamically compacted (vibration desk)
 - Shot clay technology
- Target overall dry density over 1400kg/m³



Pellets

- Bentonite B 75 in powder form....
- Two technological compaction processes were selected from the range of commercial technologies available:
- The roller compaction through the disk die.
- The compaction by the roll press.

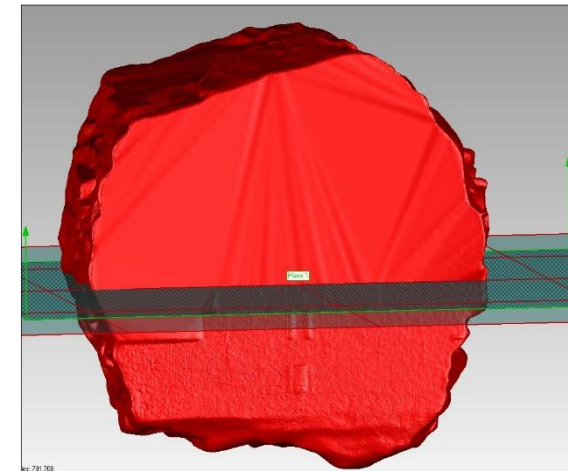
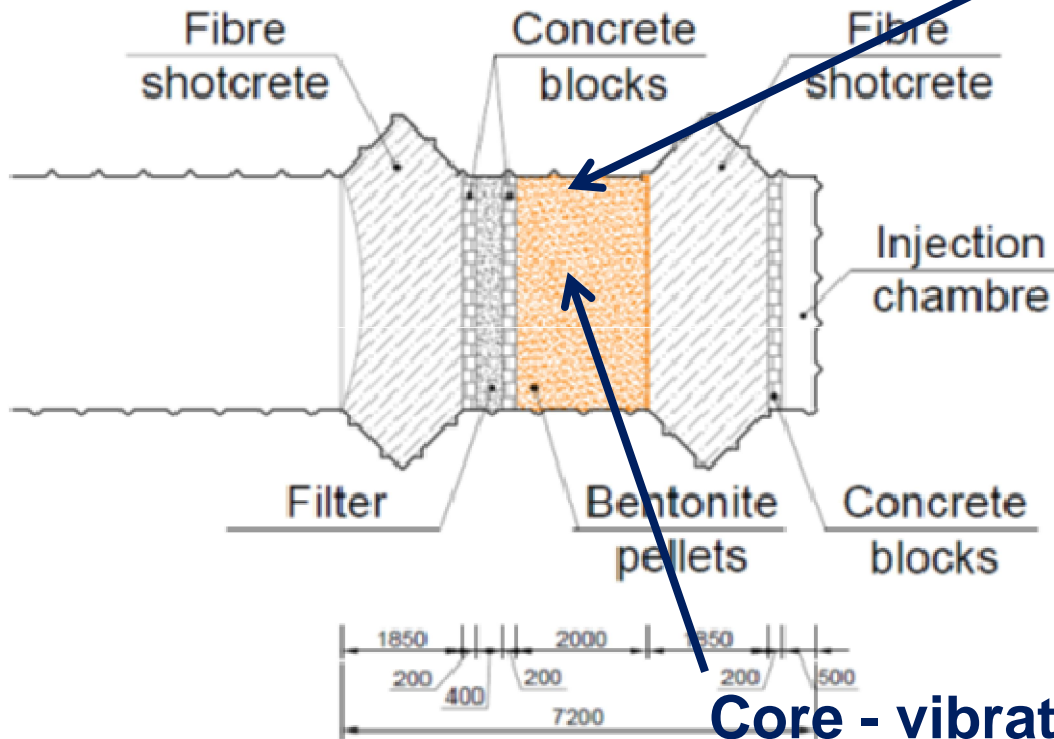


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Bentonite emplacement

- Total volume of sealing section 23.7m³

Upper vault – shotclay (5%)



Core - vibration compacted (95%)

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Bentonite emplacement

- Emplacement started on June 5th 2015



Bentonite emplacement



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Bentonite emplacement

- “Fresh” pellets
- Vibration compacted



Bentonite emplacement

- Upper parts

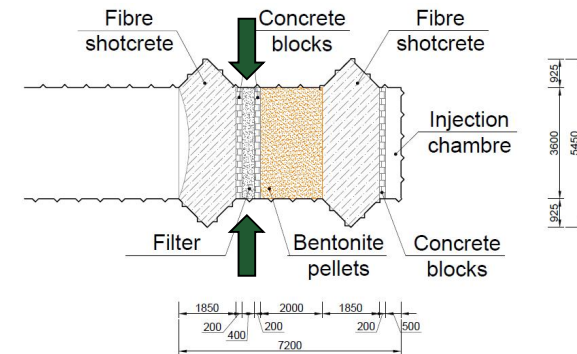


Bentonite emplacement

- Emplacement done in 9 days between June 5th and 15th 2015
- Total amount of material used 39.9 tons
- Volume of sealing section 23.7m³
- Average density 1684kg/m³
- Average dry density 1427kg/m³

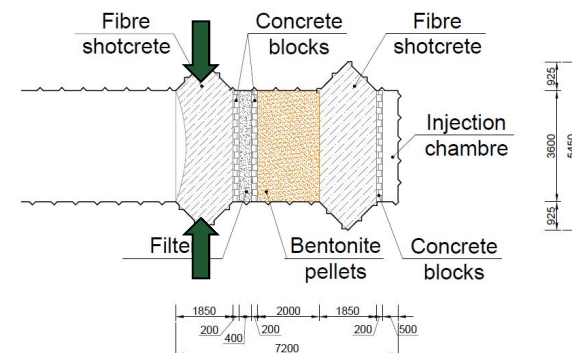
Filter

- Collection of water
- Possible alternative place for pressurisation
- Drain at bottom
- Connected to the SP-55 via cased boreholes
- Erected step by step to support bentonite emplacement



Outer plug

- “Copy” of inner plug
- Structural element
- Same dimensions as inner plug
- Same material as inner plug
- Erected June 19th/20th 2015



Outer plug



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Outer plug



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